## Maths Place Value: Progression of Skills

## EYFS: Mathematics

|  | Counting | Identifying, Representing and Estimating Numbers | Reading and Writing Numbers | Compare and Order Numbers | Understanding Place Value | Solve Problems |
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|  <br> Four-Year Olds (Nursery) | - Recite numbers past 5. <br> - Say one number name for each item in order: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. <br> - Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). | - Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). <br> - Show 'finger numbers' up to 5 . <br> - Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. <br> - Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. | - Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. <br> - Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. | - Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. |  | - Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5 . |
| Reception | Count objects, actions and sounds. <br> Count beyond ten. | Subitise. <br> Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value. | - Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value. | - Compare numbers. | - Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers. <br> - Explore the composition of numbers to 10 . |  |


| Early <br> Learning Goals (End of Reception | Numerical Pattern: <br> Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. | Subitise (recognising quantities without counting) up to 5 . | Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. | Number: <br> Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10 , including the composition of eachnumber. |  |
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| KS1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year 1: | - count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number <br> - count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens <br> - identify one more and one less of a given number <br> - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words |  |  |  |  |
| Year 2: | - count in steps of 2,3 , and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward and backward <br> - recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) <br> - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line <br> - compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs <br> - read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words <br> - use place value and number facts to solve problems |  |  |  |  |
|  | KS2 |  |  |  |  |
| Year 3: | - count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100 ; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number <br> - recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) <br> - compare and order numbers up to 1000 <br> - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations <br> - read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words <br> - solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas |  |  |  |  |
| Year 4: | - count in multiples of $6,7,9,25$ and 1000 <br> - find 1000 more or less than a given number <br> - count backwards through zero to include negative numbers <br> - recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) <br> - order and compare numbers beyond 1000 <br> - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations <br> - round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1000 <br> - solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers <br> - read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. |  |  |  |  |

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero
- round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve ordering and comparing numbers to 1000000 , counting forwards or backwards in steps, interpreting negative numbers and rounding
- read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals
- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
- solve number and practical problems that involve ordering and comparing numbers to 10000000 , rounding to a required degree of accuracy, using negative numbers and calculating intervals across zero

